Lake Junaluska Dam Bridge Condition Assessment

BLE_{INC.}

BUNNELL-LAMMONS ENGINEERING, INC.
Geotechnical, Environmental and Construction Materials Consultants

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History

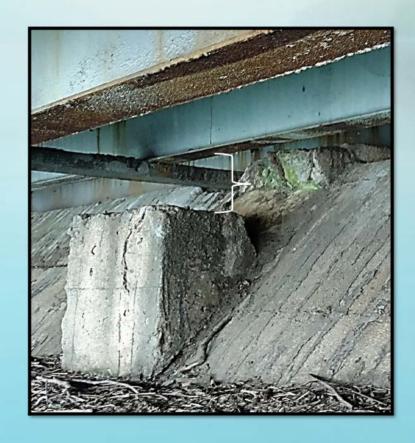
- 1913: Original timber-framed bridge completed
- 1920: Timber replaced with steel and concrete after inspection by original design engineer J.W.
 Seaver
- 1976: Large-scale repair of dam, including repair of concrete bridge abutments and the asphalt deck.
- 1990: Addition of supplemental beams at 3 spans where severe corrosion was observed.

Summary of Work

- Visual Condition Assessment
- Engineering Response
- Additional Study
- Evaluation of Cost Impacts of Repair

Intermediate Concrete Bridge Abutments





Bridge Girder to Deck Connections





Corrosion of Bridge Girders



Corrosion of Bridge Girders





Degradation of Concrete at Bearing Locations





Degradation of Concrete Supports





Engineering Response

- Advised Closing the Bridge to Vehicle Traffic
- Recommended Additional Study
- Evaluate Options and Costs

Additional Study

- Inventory the structural steel beams
 - 56 Beams (roughly 36%) require replacement for full repair
- Evaluate the structural integrity of the concrete bridge abutments
 - Average concrete compressive strength approximately 2,100 psi
 - Unknowns below the water surface
- Maintenance Access to the west-end portion





A. Restore Bridge for Both Vehicular and Pedestrian Use

- a) Remove and replace defective steel beams
- b) Repair and refurbish remaining steel beams
- c) Remove and replace the roadway and walkway decking
- d) Remove and replace the guardrail
- e) Unknown replace or re-use the concrete bridge supports

\$1.39 to \$1.76 M



Option B

- B. Restore Current Vehicular Bridge for Pedestrian Use
 - a) Remove existing pedestrian walkway and guardrails
 - b) Repair and refurbish existing steel beams
 - c) Remove and replace the main decking for pedestrian-only access
 - d) Replace the guardrail



e) Restore west-end for maintenance access

\$746,000

Option C



- C. Preserve and Repair Current Pedestrian Bridge
 - a) Remove existing pedestrian walkway and guardrails
 - b) Repair and refurbish existing steel beams
 - c) Remove and replace the pedestrian bridge decking
 - d) Replace the guardrail
 - e) Restore west-end for maintenance acc

\$586,000

Option D



- D. Close the Bridge to Both Vehicular and Pedestrian Traffic
 - a) Permanently close pedestrian walkway
 - b) Permanently close vehicular bridge
 - c) Restore west-end for maintenance access

\$290,000

